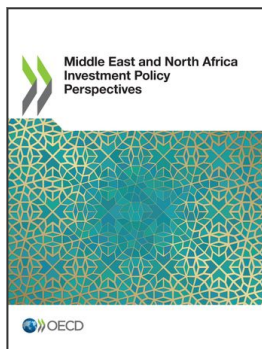


Abbreviations and acronyms

AMDIE	Agence Marocaine de Développement de l'Investissement et des Exports (Morocco)
ANDI	Agence Nationale de Développement de l'Investissement (Algeria)
ASEAN	Association of Southeast Asian Nations
BHR	Business and human rights
BDS	Business development services
BIT	Bilateral Investment Treaty
CIT	Corporate income tax
CSR	Corporate social responsibility
FDI	Foreign direct investment
FIPA	Foreign Investment Promotion Agency (Tunisia)
GAFI	General Authority for Investment (Egypt)
GDP	Gross domestic product
GCC	Gulf Co-operation Council
GVC	Global value chain
ICT	Information and communications technology
IDAL	Investment Development Authority of Lebanon
IIA	International Investment Agreement
ILO	International Labour Organisation
IMF	International Monetary Fund
IPA	Investment promotion agency

ISDS	Investor-State Dispute Settlement
JIC	Jordan Investment Commission
LAC	Latin America and the Caribbean
LCR	Local content requirement
M&A	Merger and acquisition
MENA	Middle East and North Africa
MNE	Multinational enterprise
NCP	National Contact Point
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OSS	One-stop shop
PA	Palestinian Authority
PIB	Privatisation and Investment Board (Libya)
PIPA	Palestinian Investment Promotion Agency
PPP	Public-private partnership
RBC	Responsible Business Conduct
SEZ	Special Economic Zone
SME	Small- and medium-sized enterprise
SOE	State-owned enterprise
SSEI	Sustainable Stock Exchanges Initiative
TIA	Tunisian Investment Authority



From:
Middle East and North Africa Investment Policy Perspectives

Access the complete publication at:
<https://doi.org/10.1787/6d84ee94-en>

Please cite this chapter as:

OECD (2021), "Abbreviations and acronyms", in *Middle East and North Africa Investment Policy Perspectives*, OECD Publishing, Paris.

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1787/92b712bf-en>

This work is published under the responsibility of the Secretary-General of the OECD. The opinions expressed and arguments employed herein do not necessarily reflect the official views of OECD member countries.

This document, as well as any data and map included herein, are without prejudice to the status of or sovereignty over any territory, to the delimitation of international frontiers and boundaries and to the name of any territory, city or area. Extracts from publications may be subject to additional disclaimers, which are set out in the complete version of the publication, available at the link provided.

The use of this work, whether digital or print, is governed by the Terms and Conditions to be found at <http://www.oecd.org/termsandconditions>.