Introduction

Health at a Glance: Asia/Pacific presents a set of key indicators on health and health systems for 27 Asia/Pacific countries and economies. It builds on the format used in previous editions of Health at a Glance to present comparable data on health status and its determinants, health care resources and utilisation, health expenditure and financing and health care quality.

This publication was prepared jointly by the WHO Regional Office for the Western Pacific, the WHO Regional Office for South-East Asia, the OECD Health Division and the OECD/Korea Policy Centre, under the co-ordination of Luca Lorenzoni and Michael de Looper from the OECD Health Division.

Chapter 1 and Chapter 2 were prepared by Michael de Looper. Chapter 3 was prepared by Ravi P. Rannan-Eliya, Ruwani Wickramasinghe and Harini Weerasekera (Institute for Health Policy, Sri Lanka), Michael de Looper and Luca Lorenzoni. Chapter 4 was written by Luca Lorenzoni and Hyoung-Sun Jeong (Yonsei University, Korea).

Chapter 5 was prepared by Ian Forde and Nicolaas Sieds Klazinga, with support from Nelly Biondi. Reports on country initiatives in quality of care were prepared by the WHO Bangladesh office, Yoolwon Jeong, Nima Asgari-Jirhandeh, Nora Chea and Ann Katherine Robins (WHO Cambodia office), Liang Binghui (Ministry of Health, China), WHO India office, Yuichi Imanaka (Kyoto University, Japan), Sang-il Lee (Korea University, Seoul), Hasan Abdul Rahman, Maimunah A.Hamid, Noorliza Mohamad Noordin, Samsiah Awang, Nur Ezdiani Mohamed, Siti Haniza Mahmud and Nor'Aishah Abu Bakar (Ministry of Health, Malaysia), Graham Harrison and Chun Paul Soo (WHO Malaysia office), Madeleine de Rosas-Valera, Lilibeth C. David, Rose G. Gonzales (Department of Health, Philippines), Francisco Z. Soria JR. (Philippine Health Insurance Corporation), Eng Kok Lim (Ministry of Health, Singapore) and WHO Sri Lanka office.

Valuable input was received from Anjana Bhushan, Jun Gao, Lester Sam Geroy, Laura Jane Hawken, Ying-Ru Jacqueline Lo, Emmalita Mañalac, Nobuyuki Nishikiori, Sjoerd Postma, Kenichiro Taneda, Catharina Simonne Beatrix van Weezenbeek, Ke Xu and Dongbao Yu (WHO/WPRO), Keith Sabin (WHO Viet Nam office) and Gaetan Lafortune (OECD Health Division).

This publication benefited from the comments and suggestions of Henk Bekedam (Director, Health Sector Development, WHO/WPRO), Islam Monir (Director, Health Systems Development, WHO/SEARO), Sanghee Kim (Director General, OECD/Korea Policy Centre) and Mark Pearson (Head of OECD Health Division).

Structure of the publication

Health at a Glance: Asia/Pacific 2012 is divided into five chapters:

- Chapter 1 on Health Status highlights the variations across countries in life expectancy, infant and childhood mortality and major causes of mortality and morbidity, including both communicable and non-communicable diseases.
- Chapter 2 on Determinants of Health focuses on non-medical determinants of health. It
 features the health of mothers and babies, through reproductive health issues, low
 birthweight and breastfeeding. It also includes lifestyle and behavioural indicators such
 as smoking and alcohol drinking, nutrition, and underweight and overweight, as well as
 water and sanitation.
- Chapter 3 on Health Care Resources and Utilisation reviews some of the inputs, outputs and
 outcomes of health care systems. This includes the supply of doctors and nurses and
 hospital beds, as well as the provision of primary and secondary health care services,
 such as doctor consultations and hospital discharges, as well as a range of services
 surrounding pregnancy, childbirth and infancy.
- Chapter 4 on Health Expenditure and Financing examines trends in health spending across Asia/Pacific countries. It also looks at how health services and goods are paid for, and the different mix between public funding, private health insurance, and direct out-of-pocket payments by households.
- Chapter 5 on Health Care Quality builds on the indicators used in OECD's Health Care
 Quality Indicator programme to examine trends in health care quality improvement
 across Asia/Pacific countries and economies. It also provides illustrations of quality of
 care initiatives in ten countries.

An annex provides some additional tables on the demographic and economic context within which different health systems operate.

Asia/Pacific countries and economies

For this second edition of *Health at a Glance*: Asia/Pacific, 27 regional countries and economies were compared: 22 in Asia (Bangladesh; Brunei Darussalam; Cambodia; China; Democratic People's Republic of Korea; Hong Kong, China; India; Indonesia; Japan; Lao People's Democratic Republic; Macao, China; Malaysia; Mongolia; Myanmar; Nepal; Pakistan; Philippines; Republic of Korea; Singapore; Sri Lanka; Thailand and Viet Nam) and five in the Pacific region (Australia, Fiji, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea and Solomon Islands).

Selection and presentation of indicators

The indicators have been selected on a basis of being relevant to the health needs of people in the Asia/Pacific region, taking into account the availability and comparability of existing data. The publication takes advantage of the routine administrative and programme data collected by the World Health Organization, especially Regional Offices for the Western Pacific and South-East Asia, as well as special country surveys collecting demographic and health information.

The indicators are presented in the form of easy-to-read figures and explanatory text. Each of the topics covered in this publication is presented over two pages. The first page defines the indicator and notes any significant variations which might affect data comparability. It also provides brief commentary highlighting the key findings conveyed by the data. On the facing page is a set of figures. These typically show current levels of the indicator and, where possible, trends over time. In some cases, an additional figure relating the indicator to another variable is included.

Averages

In text and figures, "Asia-xx" refers to the unweighted average for Asian countries and economies, where "xx" is the number of countries for which data are available. It excludes the five Pacific countries (Australia, Fiji, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea and Solomon Islands) and the OECD average.

"OECD" refers to the unweighted average for the 34 OECD member countries. It includes Australia, Japan, New Zealand and the Republic of Korea, but excludes the Asia average. Data for OECD countries are generally extracted from OECD sources, unless stated otherwise.

Country ISO codes

Australia AUS Bangladesh BGD Brunei Darussalam BRN Cambodia KHM China CHN Democratic People's Republic of Korea	Mongolia MNG
Brunei Darussalam BRN Cambodia KHM China CHN	. 5
Cambodia KHM China CHN	Myanmar MMR
China CHN	Nepal NPL
	New Zealand NZL
Demogratic Deeple's Depublic of Verse DDV	Pakistan PAK
Defilociatic People's Republic of Rolea PRK	Papua New Guinea PNG
Fiji FJI	Philippines PHL
Hong Kong, China HKG	Republic of Korea KOR
India IND	Singapore SGP
Indonesia IDN	Solomon Islands SLB
Japan JPN	Sri Lanka LKA
Lao People's Democratic Republic LAO	Thailand THA
Macao, China MAC	Viet Nam VNM
Malaysia MYS	



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