

Aid, Trade and Development Indicators for Dominican Republic

A. DEVELOPMENT FINANCE

EXTERNAL FINANCING INFLOWS (million current USD)	2006/08	2014/16	2017	Δ:06/08-17
FDI inflows	1874.0	2273.4	3570.0	91%
Remittances	3352.1	5171.7	6177.8	84%
Other official flows (OOF)	80.4	495.4	168.1	109%
of which trade-related OOF	45.6	152.8	45.9	1%
Official Development Assistance (ODA)	229.0	276.2	185.2	-19%
of which Aid for Trade	53.8	46.0	27.0	-50%

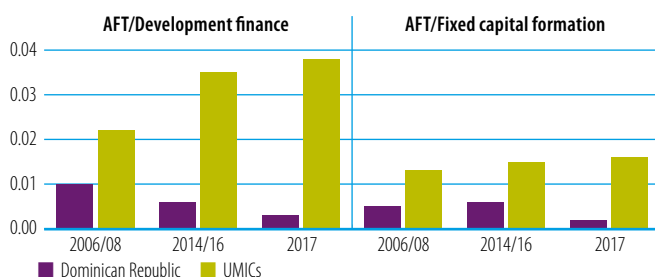
Sources: UNCTAD, UNCTADstat; WB, World Development Indicators; OECD, DAC-CRS Aid Activities Database

TOP 3 AFT PRIORITIES

- 1 Trade policy
- 2 Trade facilitation
- 3 3. Other (MSMEs, women, youth, etc.)

Source: OECD/WTO Partner Questionnaire

SHARE OF AFT IN DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AND FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION (%)



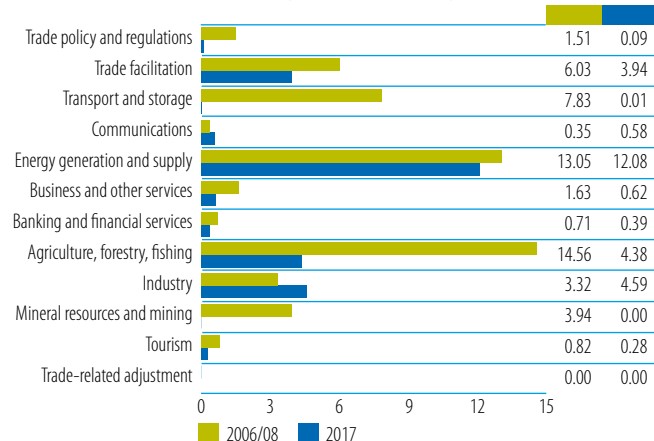
Source: OECD, DAC-CRS Aid Activities Database

AFT DISBURSEMENTS: TOP DONORS (million current USD)

2006/08	value	%	2017	value	%
EU Institutions	15.2	28	EU Institutions	21.3	79
Germany	7.3	14	United States	1.5	5
United States	6.0	11	Inter-American Development Bank	1.1	4
Japan	5.9	11	Japan	1.1	4
France	5.6	10	Korea	0.9	3

Source: OECD, DAC-CRS Aid Activities Database

AFT DISBURSEMENTS BY SECTOR (million current USD)



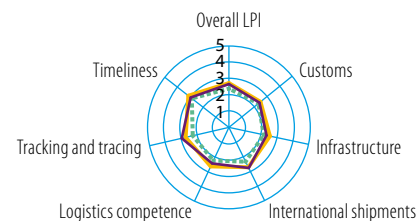
Source: OECD, DAC-CRS Aid Activities Database

B. TRADE COSTS

INDICATORS	2006	2017
Tariffs (%)		
Imports: simple avg. MFN applied	8.5	7.3
Imports: weighted avg. MFN applied (06-16)	...	7.7
Exports: weighted avg. faced (05-16)	9.0	1.8
Exports: duty free (value in %) (05-16)	54.1	88.4
ICT connectivity (% of population)		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (10-17)	2.5	51.3
Fixed broadband subscriptions	1.1	7.6
Internet users	14.8	65.0

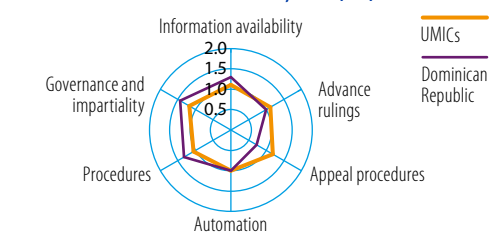
Sources: WTO, World Tariff Profiles; ITU, World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators

LOGISTICS PERFORMANCE INDICES (LPI) (1-5)

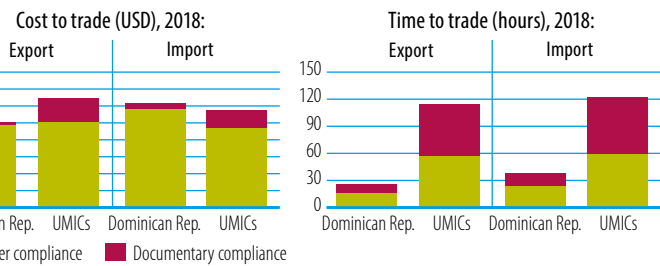


Source: WB Logistics Performance Index (LPI)

TRADE FACILITATION INDICATORS, 2017 (0-2)

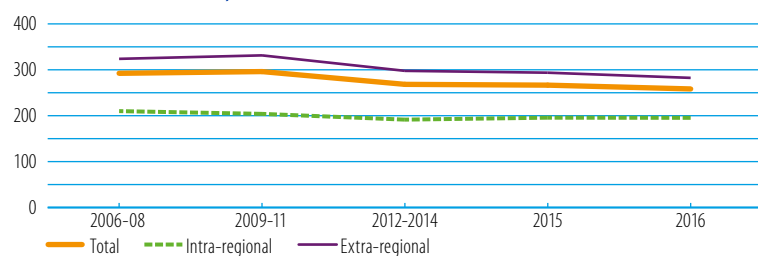


Source: OECD Trade Facilitation Indicators



Source: WB, Doing Business

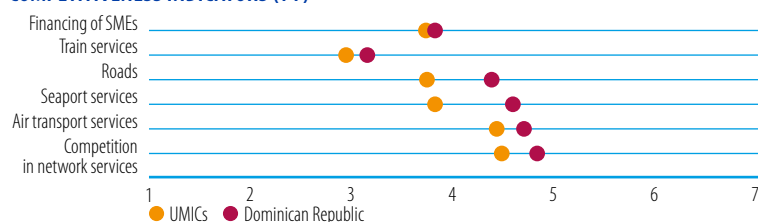
TRADE COSTS (ad-valorem, %)



Source: ESCAP-WB Trade Cost Database

Note: Number of partners used in the calculation of average trade costs: total (65), intra-regional (18), extra-regional (47)

COMPETITIVENESS INDICATORS (1-7)



Source: WEF Global Competitiveness Index

C. TRADE PERFORMANCE

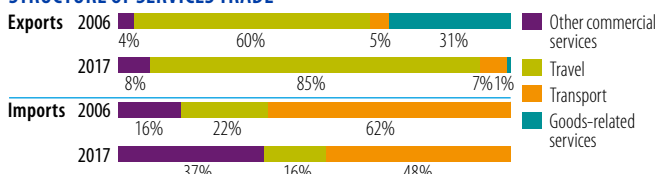
INDICATOR	2006	2017
Trade to GDP ratio (%)	51	52
Commercial services as % of total exports (%)	77	46
Commercial services as % of total imports (%)	14	16
Non-fuel intermediates (% of merchandise exports)	35	45
Non-fuel intermediates (% of merchandise imports)	53	42

Sources: WTO Secretariat; UN Comtrade

TRADE FLOWS (billion current USD)		2006	2017	Increase	Decrease
Exports	Goods	1.931	10.121	+424% ▲	
	Commercial services	6.560	8.476	+29% ▲	
Imports	Goods	9.559	17.700	+85% ▲	
	Commercial services	1.510	3.354	+122% ▲	

Sources: WTO Secretariat

STRUCTURE OF SERVICES TRADE



Source: WTO Secretariat. Note: For goods-related services, no value label is provided in the case of missing data or zero trade.

TOP 5 MARKETS FOR MERCHANDISE EXPORTS (%)

2006	%	2017	%
United States	67	United States	53
Haiti	5	Haiti	10
Korea, Republic of	3	Canada	9
Netherlands	2	India	7
Canada	2	Switzerland	3

TOP 5 MERCHANDISE EXPORTS (%)

2006	%	2017	%
Mens, boys clothing, x-knit	13	Gold, nonmontry excl. ores	18
Pig iron, spiegeleisen, etc.	12	Medical instruments, n.e.s.	9
Other textile apparel, n.e.s.	9	Tobacco, manufactured	9
Medical instruments, n.e.s.	9	Electric switch relay circuit	5
Gold, silverware, jewel, n.e.s.	8	Medicaments	5

Source: UN Comtrade

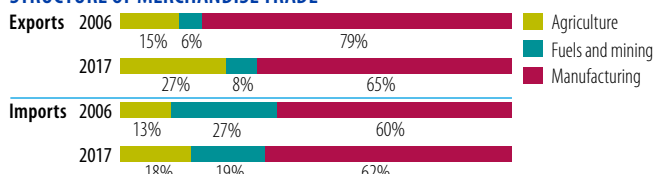
INDICATOR	2006	2017
Product diversification (based on HS02, 4-dig.)		
Number of exported products (max. 1,245)	478	768
Number of imported products (max. 1,245)	1043	1062
HH export product concentration (0 to 1)	0.048	0.056
HH import product concentration (0 to 1)	0.009	0.017

Market diversification

Number of export markets (max. 237)	106	123
Number of import markets (max. 237)	140	162
HH export market concentration (0 to 1)	0.562	0.304
HH import market concentration (0 to 1)	0.293	0.224

Sources: WTO Secretariat; UN Comtrade

STRUCTURE OF MERCHANDISE TRADE



Source: WTO Secretariat. Note: Only classified products are included in the calculation.

TOP 5 MARKETS FOR MERCHANDISE IMPORTS (%)

2006	%	2017	%
United States	53	United States	44
China	7	China	13
Brazil	4	Mexico	5
Japan	3	Brazil	3
Spain	3	Spain	3

TOP 5 MERCHANDISE IMPORTS (%)

2006	%	2017	%
Passenger motor vehicles, excl. buses	6	Petroleum products	10
Cotton fabrics, woven	4	Passenger motor vehicles, excl. buses	4
Electric switch relay circuit	3	Articles, n.e.s., of plastics	3
Medicaments	3	Medicaments	3
Goods, special-purpose transport vehicles	2	Liquefied propane, butane	3

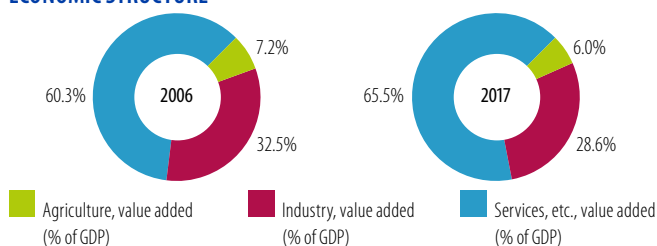
Source: UN Comtrade

D. DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS

INDICATOR	2006	2017
Unemployment (% of total labour force)	5.7	5.8
Female labour force participation rate (%)	41.0	50.7
ODA (% of gross national income)	0.2	0.2
Import duties collected (% of tax revenue)	9.9	5.8
Total debt service (% of total exports)	15.2	15.6
Human Development Index (0-1)	0.68	0.7

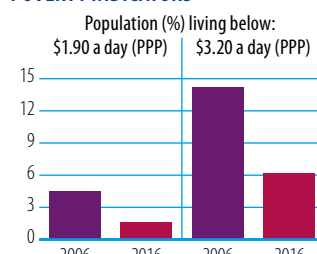
Sources: ILO, ILOSTAT; OECD, DAC-CRS Aid Activities Database; WB, World Development Indicators; UNDP, International Human Development Indicators

ECONOMIC STRUCTURE



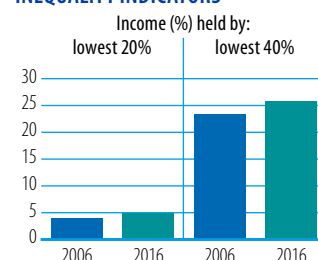
Source: WB, World Development Indicators

POVERTY INDICATORS

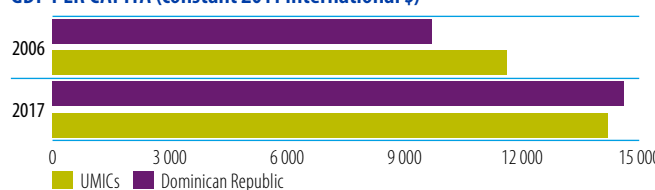


Source: WB, World Development Indicators

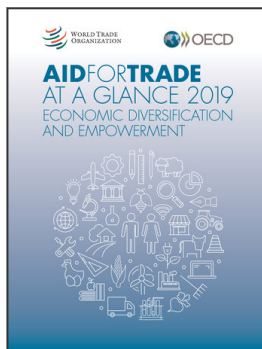
INEQUALITY INDICATORS



GDP PER CAPITA (constant 2011 international \$)



Source: WB, World Development Indicators



From:
Aid for Trade at a Glance 2019
Economic Diversification and Empowerment

Access the complete publication at:
<https://doi.org/10.1787/18ea27d8-en>

Please cite this chapter as:

OECD/World Trade Organization (2019), "Aid, Trade and Development Indicators for Dominican Republic", in *Aid for Trade at a Glance 2019: Economic Diversification and Empowerment*, OECD Publishing, Paris.

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1787/1933ac2c-en>

This work is published under the responsibility of the Secretary-General of the OECD. The opinions expressed and arguments employed herein do not necessarily reflect the official views of OECD member countries.

This document and any map included herein are without prejudice to the status of or sovereignty over any territory, to the delimitation of international frontiers and boundaries and to the name of any territory, city or area.

You can copy, download or print OECD content for your own use, and you can include excerpts from OECD publications, databases and multimedia products in your own documents, presentations, blogs, websites and teaching materials, provided that suitable acknowledgment of OECD as source and copyright owner is given. All requests for public or commercial use and translation rights should be submitted to rights@oecd.org. Requests for permission to photocopy portions of this material for public or commercial use shall be addressed directly to the Copyright Clearance Center (CCC) at info@copyright.com or the Centre français d'exploitation du droit de copie (CFC) at contact@cfcopies.com.