Annex B

OECD publications on Chile 2000-11

Competition Law and Policy in Chile 2011

Corporate Governance in Chile

Higher Education in Regional and City Development: Bío Bío Region, Chile 2010

Reviews of National Policies for Education: Chile's International Scholarship Programme

OECD Economic Surveys: Chile 2010

An Appraisal of the Chilean Fisheries Sector

Chile Energy Policy Review 2009

OECD Territorial Reviews: Chile 2009

OECD Reviews of Labour Market and Social Policies: Chile 2009

Reviews of National Policies for Education: Tertiary Education in Chile 2009

OECD Review of Agricultural Policies: Chile 2008

OECD Reviews of Innovation Policy: Chile 2007

OECD Economic Surveys: Chile 2007

Competition Law and Policy in Latin America: Peer Reviews of Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Mexico and

Challenges to Fiscal Adjustment in Latin America: The Cases of Argentina, Brazil, Chile and Mexico

OECD Economic Surveys: Chile 2005

OECD Environmental Performance Reviews: Chile 2005

Trade and Competitiveness in Argentina, Brazil and Chile: Not as Easy as A-B-C

Corporate Governance in Development: The Experiences of Brazil, Chile, India, and South Africa

Reviews of National Policies for Education: Chile 2004

Competition Law and Policy in Chile 2011

Forthcoming, (online only)

ISBN 9789264097391

The Review of Competition Law and Policy in Chile was prepared as part of the process of Chile's accession to OECD membership. The report describes the policy foundations, substantive competition law and enforcement experience, institutional structure as well as treatment of competition issues in regulatory and legislative processes. The review then examines these findings under three assessment themes: the current situation of competition policy and enforcement; the magnitude and direction of change in competition policy over the last 5-10 years; the extent of conformity with the particular OECD competition recommendations.

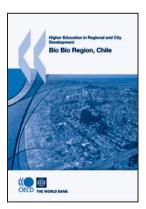


Corporate Governance in Chile

Publication date: 3-Feb-2011

ISBN 9789264095946

The Review of Corporate Governance in Chile was prepared as part of the process of Chile's accession to OECD membership. The report describes the corporate governance setting including the structure and ownership concentration of listed companies and the structure and operation of the state-owned sector. The review then examines the legal and regulatory framework and company practices to assess the degree to which the recommendations of the OECD Principles of Corporate Governance and the OECD Guidelines on Corporate Governance of State-Owned Enterprises have been implemented.



Higher Education in Regional and City Development Bío Bío Region, Chile 2010

Publication date: 17-Dec-2010ISBN 9789264088931

The Bío Bío Region has pioneered regional development in Chile. It has a high concentration of higher education and research activity. Its universities and other higher education institutions have made significant progress in widening access to education. But challenges remain: the Bío Bío Region continues to suffer from brain drain as well as higher than average unemployment and poverty rates.

How can the Bío Bío Region promote new business formation and the development of the existing small and medium-sized companies? What incentives are needed to improve higher education institutions' regional and local orientation? How can higher education institutions move from knowledge generation towards knowledge transfer?

This joint OECD and World Bank review explores a range of helpful policy measures and institutional reforms to mobilise higher education for the development of the Bío Bío Region. It is part of the series of the OECD reviews of Higher Education in Regional and City Development. These reviews help mobilise higher education institutions for economic, social and cultural development of cities and regions. They analyse how the higher education system impacts upon regional and local development and bring together universities, other higher education institutions and public and private agencies to identify strategic goals and to work towards them.



Reviews of National Policies for Education Chile's International Scholarship Programme

Publication date: 9-Sept-2010

ISBN 9789264086418

Chile has long considered education as a central priority and as key for its economic development. Over the past two decades the country has made great strides to increase the numbers of young people entering tertiary education. In 2008 Chile embarked on a bold initiative to develop its human capital with a scholarship abroad scheme – the Becas Chile Programme – which aims to train 30 000 outstanding students including teachers and technicians in institutions of their choice around the world.

This joint OECD and World Bank report gives an overview of human capital development in Chile; describes features of the Becas Chile Programme; analyses the strategic and operational issues; and recommends ways to maintain and fine-tune the scholarship abroad scheme. This report will be useful for both Chilean education professionals and their international counterparts.



OECD Economic Surveys Chile 2010

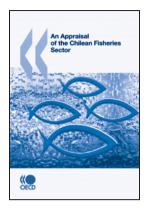
Publication date: 4-Feb-2010

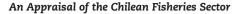
ISBN 9789264075757

OECD's 2010 survey of Chile's economy. This edition focuses on four key issues currently challenging Chile: overcoming the crisis; strengthening fiscal policy; fostering productivity growth, and improving the quality of Chile's schools. The survey finds that Chile is now emerging from the crisis and that the financial system has held up well, but that some areas of regulation and the fiscal framework need to be strengthened. Chile needs to enhance productivity growth, broaden innovation policy beyond basic research, and improve the quality of education.

Special feature

Education





Publication date: 07-Dec-2009

ISBN 9789264073944

Chile is one of the major players in the world fishing scene. But during the past fifty years, Chile has had to face issues of over-investment, sharp declines in catch levels, disputes among stakeholders, fleet downsizing, and aquaculture diseases, among others. This report describes the challenging and complex learning process that the Chilean fisheries and aquaculture sector has undergone and the evolution of its policies and management systems. Governance of the industrial, artisanal and aquaculture industries has followed different paths of policy development and current management reflects the particular pressures confronting each segment of the sector. And policy evolution continues, with a range of initiatives underway to meet the current challenges. The Chilean state has been one of the main forces behind these developments, laying the foundation for a strong and robust fisheries and aquaculture sector.



Chile Energy Policy Review 2009

Publication date: 03-Nov-2009

ISBN 978926407314

Drawing on the experience of IEA member countries, this IEA review assesses Chile's major energy challenges and provides recommendations. Six main themes emerge: the successful liberalisation of the power sector in the 1980s; the essential role played by the state in ensuring energy security; the re-formulation of Chile's long-term energy policy; the proposed reorganisation of the institutional framework; greater independence for the system operators; and the need for a clear framework of regulation so that long-term investment decisions integrate social and environmental costs.



OECD Territorial Reviews Chile 2009

Publication date: 4-Aug-2009

ISBN 9789264060746

Chile has achieved strong economic growth during the last 20 years. Nevertheless, its economy depends on a few resource-based sectors located in a small number of regions. The performance of Chilean regions varies significantly and regional disparities in GDP per capita are very high compared to those in OECD countries. Chilean regions have thus far so not fully utilised their assets and reached their potential for growth. This report recommends moving towards a territorial approach to development in Chile in order to better adapt public management to the different opportunities and needs of the diverse territories of the country. Chilean regions



would particularly benefit from context-specific policies to boost productivity, such as those targeting innovation and entrepreneurship, and to improve education and training.

OECD Reviews of Labour Market and Social Policies Chile 2009

Publication date: 9-Apr-2009

ISBN 9789264060609

Chile has enjoyed rising living standards over two decades of strong economic growth. The incidence of poverty is now much lower and there is better access to adequate housing, education and healthcare. Nevertheless, Chile's income distribution remains disturbingly unequal by OECD standards. This is partly due to Chile's a relatively low employment rate, especially for women, but it also reflects a segmented labour market, where much of the recent job creation has occurred in relatively low-productive sectors. Moreover, despite the existence of an internationally renowned pension programme, Chile's social protection system as a whole has still a relatively long way to go before reaching the standards of developed countries in terms of effective coverage and capacity to assist needy households.

Chilean policy makers have begun to develop and implement a series of ambitious reforms, intended to promote the twin goals of work and equity. This report analyses in detail the implications for labour market and social policy and considers the available policy options from the perspective of OECD countries' experience.

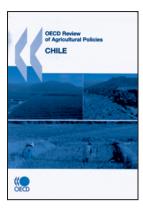


Reviews of National Policies for Education Tertiary Education in Chile 2009

Publication date: 3-Apr-2009

ISBN 9789264050891

This joint OECD and World Bank review gives a brief overview of post-secondary education in Chile and describes its development over the past twenty years. It presents an analysis of the system and identifies key directions for policy reform in light of the challenges encountered by officials, communities, enterprises, educators, parents and students. It concludes with a set of key recommendations concerning the structure of the system and its labour market relevance; access and equity, governance and management; research, development and innovation; internationalisation; and financing.



OECD Review of Agricultural Policies Chile 2008

Publication date: 05-Mar-2008

ISBN 9789264042230

This Review measures the level and composition of support provided to Chilean agriculture, and evaluates the effectiveness of current measures in attaining their objectives. The study finds that Chile provides much lower support and protection to its agricultural sector than most OECD countries, even though government expenditures on the sector have trebled in real terms over the past ten years. About half of that spending is on public goods such as infrastructure and irrigation, while the other half consists mostly of measures that seek to make Chile's poorer farmers more competitive.

This report suggests ways in which the effectiveness of these policies might be enhanced, including by systematic evaluation of policy performance, by closer co-ordination across government agencies, and by framing policies for smallholders and salaried farm workers in an economy-wide context, so that agricultural policies can focus on potentially competitive farmers and be effectively distinguished from other development and social policies.



OECD Reviews of Innovation Policy Chile 2007

Publication date: 23-Nov-2007

ISBN 9789264037519

Chile is a small open economy with traditionally strong resource- based production. Over the last decade it has been the most successful Latin American country in reducing the gap in income per capita relative to the advanced countries. In order to complete this catching-up, Chile needs to focus on strengthening its innovation system and improving its low R&D intensity.

In order to do this, Chile recently created an Innovation Council for Competitiveness entrusted with the mission of proposing guidelines for a long-term, national, innovation strategy. It also introduced a specific mining tax to increase the resources available to implement this strategy.

This report assesses the current status of Chile's innovation system and policies and identifies where improvements are most needed in order to make the most efficient use of this additional public investment.





OECD Economic Surveys

Chile 2007

Publication date: 14-Feb-2008

ISBN 9789264040069

This 2007 edition of OECD's periodic survey of Chile's economy focuses on key challenges being faced including managing the economy after the copper price boom, efficiency in health care, education and housing services, informality, and raising labour force participation of women and youth.

Special features

- Government efficiency in education, health care and housing
- Informality
- Labour force participation

Competition Law and Policy in Latin America: Peer Reviews of Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Mexico and Peru

Publication date: 09-Nov-2006

ISBN 9789264014985

The Inter-American Development Bank (IDB) and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) co-operate in competition law and policy to promote increased economic growth, employment and economic efficiency, and a higher average standard of living in the medium to long term. There is increasing consensus that sound competition law and policy are essential to achieving these goals.

IDB-OECD co-operation in competition law and policy centres on annual meetings of the Latin American Competition Forum (LACF). LACF meetings include substantive roundtable discussions and peer reviews of national laws and institutions. The OECD and the IDB are pleased to participate in this work as part of their efforts to promote a better business climate for investment in the countries of Latin America and the Caribbean.



Challenges to Fiscal Adjustment in Latin America: The Cases of Argentina, Brazil, Chile and Mexico

Publication date: 23-Feb-2006

ISBN 9789264022072

Despite considerable progress made by Latin America's biggest economies in putting their finances in order, numerous challenges remain. Public spending needs to incorporate more flexibility, ageing populations and social demands threaten future pressures on expenditure, and social and infrastructure spending need to be more cost-effective. At the same time, tax bases need to broaden to reduce reliance on distortionary taxes on financial transactions and enterprise turnover, and overall tax administration must be improved. Finally and foremost, the fiscal authorities need to keep public debt at sustainable levels, paving the way for faster, more resilient growth.

This volume discusses progress made to date in Argentina, Brazil, Chile and Mexico, and points out the road ahead. It provides an overview of trends and highlights the diversity of fiscal adjustment processes in Latin American countries. It also describes the financial market perspective and role of sovereign debt ratings. The chapter on Argentina debunks the view that fiscal management in the 1990s was irresponsible, arguing instead that the financial crisis was caused by a confluence of costly pension reforms, Brady debt restructuring and the recognition of fiscal "skeletons" in the closet. The chapter on Brazil makes a case for a more entrenched culture of fiscal austerity to make the current achievements sustainable. The Chile chapter describes the role of political cohesiveness following the return of democracy in driving the economy to fiscal rectitude. Finally, the chapter on Mexico discusses different scenarios for debt dynamics and the country's efforts to contain expenditure pressures.



OECD Economic Surveys Chile 2005

Publication date: 21-Nov-2005

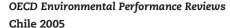
ISBN 9789264013551

This OECD 2005 Economic Survey of Chile's economy examines key challenges including encouraging innovation, continuing to foster pro-competition regulation, and making better use of labour inputs.

Special features

- Innovation
- Regulatory reform
- Labour markets





Publication date: 9-May-2005 ISBN 9789264009677

This book is part of the OECD Environmental Performance Reviews Programme, which conducts peer reviews of environmental conditions and progress in each member country and selected partner countries. It scrutinises efforts to meet both domestic objectives and international commitments. The analyses presented are supported by a broad range of economic and environmental data and lead to recommendations for further environmental and sustainable development progress. This book is published by the OECD and the UN Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean.

A first cycle of Environmental Performance Reviews, covering all member countries was completed in 2000. The second cycle focuses on environmental management, sustainable development and international commitments.



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Trade and Competitiveness in Argentina, Brazil and Chile: Not as Easy as A-B-C

Publication date: 25-Nov-2004

ISBN 9789264108714

The development of the tradeable sector is a permanent concern for policy makers in Argentina, Brazil and Chile. The weak performance of the tradeable sector has been cited as one of the causes of mixed growth performance in South America during the 1990s as crises in the region have been associated with a pronounced imbalance of the contributions of the tradeable and the non-tradeable sectors to growth.

This book contributes to the understanding of the market mechanisms and policy interactions that support the strengthening and diversification of the tradeable sector in Argentina, Brazil and Chile. It focuses on the role of exchange rate regimes, market imperfections and trade policy. Moreover, it analyses the agro-food sector, one of the pillars of the tradeable sector in the region, and the role of foreign direct investment and competition policy. Overall it provides an integrated and original policy perspective on the factors underlying international competitiveness.



Corporate Governance in Development: The Experiences of Brazil, Chile, India, and South Africa

Publication date: 30-Apr-2004

ISBN 978926410658

Corporate governance matters for national development. Studies of Brazil, Chile, India, and South Africa show that corporate governance has a role of growing importance to play in helping both to increase financial capital to firms in developing countries and to enhance those countries' financial development as a whole. They further show that corporate governance matters for development, more than is widely perceived, because it can contribute greatly to achieving sustained productivity growth in developing countries' real economies.

The value of improved corporate governance for development cannot, however, be considered in isolation. In the financial sector attention must also be given to measures to strengthen the banking sector and a country's financial institutions as a whole. To gain most from improved corporate governance in the real economy, close attention must also be given to competition policy and to reforms of sector-specific regulatory practices.



Reviews of National Policies for Education Chile 2004

Publication date: 12-Feb-2004

ISBN 9789264106352

Education has been a central priority for Chile since the return of a democratic government in 1990. Thanks to a sustained economic growth and a commitment to increasing public investment in education, Chile has made a number of key improvements to the education system during this period. A recent reform ensures twelve years of free and compulsory schooling for all Chilean children. Enrolment in secondary education has expanded rapidly and teachers' salaries have increased by 140%. If current trends are anything to go by, more than 800,000 students will be enrolled in higher education by 2010. Chile has achieved a great deal in a short period, becoming the leader in Latin America for improving the quality of, and access to, all levels of education.

Reviews of National Policies for Education: Chile covers the entire system of Chilean education from pre-school through tertiary education and lifelong learning for all, and analyses it in terms of its economic, social and political impact.

The review is based on the OECD's ongoing co-operation with non-member economies around the world. It is particularly interesting for those involved in educational policy as well as professionals directly working in the education system of Chile.



From:

Maintaining Momentum OECD Perspectives on Policy Challenges in Chile

Access the complete publication at:

https://doi.org/10.1787/9789264095199-en

Please cite this chapter as:

OECD (2011), "Annex B: OECD publications on Chile 2000-11", in *Maintaining Momentum: OECD Perspectives on Policy Challenges in Chile*, OECD Publishing, Paris.

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1787/9789264095199-16-en

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