ANNEX C

Official Development Assistance 2007

Table C.1. DAC Members' Net Official Development Assistance in 2007

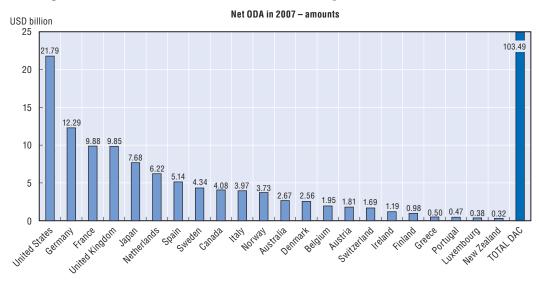
	2007 2006		16	2007		
	ODA	ODA/GNI	ODA	ODA/GNI	ODA	Percent change
	USD million	%	USD million	%	USD million (1)	2006 to 2007 (1)
	current		current		At 2006 prices ar	nd exchange rates
Australia	2 669	0.32	2 123	0.30	2 317	9.1
Austria	1 808	0.50	1 498	0.47	1 622	8.3
Belgium	1 953	0.43	1 978	0.50	1 756	-11.2
Canada	4 080	0.29	3 684	0.29	3 729	1.2
Denmark	2 562	0.81	2 236	0.80	2 301	2.9
Finland	981	0.39	834	0.40	887	6.4
France	9 884	0.38	10 601	0.47	8 867	-16.4
Germany	12 291 501	0.37 0.16	10 435 424	0.36	11 069 446	6.1 5.3
Greece Ireland	1 192	0.16	1 022	0.17 0.54	1 070	4.8
Italy	3 971	0.33	3 641	0.20	3 547	-2.6
Japan	7 679	0.17	11 136	0.25	7 812	-29.8
Luxembourg	376	0.91	291	0.90	334	15.0
Netherlands	6 224	0.81	5 452	0.81	5 629	3.2
New Zealand	320	0.27	259	0.27	272	5.1
Norway	3 728	0.95	2 954	0.89	3 350	13.4
Portugal	471	0.22	396	0.21	420	5.9
Spain	5 140	0.37	3 814	0.32	4 566	19.7
Sweden	4 339	0.93	3 955	1.02	3 857	-2.5
Switzerland	1 689	0.37	1 646	0.39	1 605	-2.5
United Kingdom	9 849	0.36	12 459	0.51	8 774	-29.6
United States	21 787	0.16	23 532	0.18	21 231	-9.8
TOTAL DAC	103 491	0.28	104 370	0.31	95 462	-8.5
Average Country Effort		0.45		0.46		
Memo Items:						
EC	11 774		10 245		10 559	3.1
DAC-EU countries	61 540	0.39	59 035	0.43	55 147	-6.6
G7 countries	69 539	0.23	75 487	0.27	65 029	-13.9
Non-G7 countries	33 952	0.51	28 882	0.51	30 433	5.4
Non-DAC OECD Countries						
Czech Republic	179	0.11	161	0.12	155	-3.5
Hungary	103	0.08	149	0.13	85	-42.9
Iceland	48	0.27	41	0.27	42	0.4
Korea	699	0.07	455	0.05	677	48.6
Poland	363 67	0.09	297 55	0.09	312 55	5.2 0.1
Slovak Republic	602	0.09 0.09	55 714	0.10 0.18	55 502	-29.8
Turkey	002	0.09	/14	0.18	502	-29.8

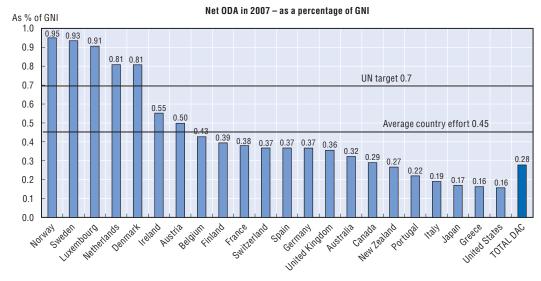
⁽¹⁾ Taking account of both inflation and exchange rate movements.

Note: The data are standardised on a calendar year basis for all donors, and so may differ from fiscal year data available in countries' budget documents.

Source: (2009), Development Co-operation Report 2009, OECD.

Figure C.1. DAC Members' Net Official Development Assistance in 2007





Source: (2009), Development Co-operation Report 2009, OECD.

Table C.2. Share of Debt Relief Grants in DAC Members' Net Official Development Assistance

	20			
	ODA of which:		Percent change	
	USD million	Debt relief grants	2006 to 2007 ^a	
	current		Without debt relief grants	
Australia	2 669	292	11.8	
Austria	1 808	925	6.9	
Belgium	1 953 4 080	185	0.5	
Canada		15	8.5	
Denmark Finland	2 562 981	123	3.2 6.4	
		-		
France Germany	9 884 12 291	1 485 2 867	5.1 10.0	
Greece Ireland	501 1 192	-	5.3 4.8	
Italy Japan	3 971 7 679	570 1 576	48.5 -23.7	
-	376	1570	15.0	
Luxembourg Netherlands	6 224	392	2.6	
New Zealand	320	_	5.1	
Norway	3 728	61	12.4	
Portugal	471	1	5.9	
Spain	5 140	243	31.4	
Sweden	4 339	74	3.5	
Switzerland	1 689	64	-0.3	
United Kingdom	9 849	70	-2.7	
United States	21 787	40	-3.4	
TOTAL DAC	103 491	8 983	2.0	
Memo Items:				
EC	11 774	-	3.1	
DAC-EU countries	61 540	6 934	7.7	
G7 countries	69 539	6 623	-0.8	
Non-G7 countries	33 952	2 360	8.5	

a) Taking account of both inflation and exchange rate movements.

Source: (2009), Development Co-operation Report 2009, OECD.

Table C.3. DAC Members' Gross Official Development Assistance in 2007

	2007 ODA USD million current	2006 ODA USD million current	2007 ODA USD million (1) At 2006 prices an	Percent change 2006 to 2007 (1)
	current	current	At 2000 prices an	d exchange rates
Australia	2 669	2 123	2 317	9.1
Austria	1 837	1 510	1 648	9.1
Belgium	2 032	2 047	1 828	-10.7
Canada	4 119	3 730	3 766	1.0
Denmark	2 666	2 315	2 394	3.4
Finland	981	838	887	5.9
France	11 498	12 764	10 315	-19.2
Germany	13 687	12 049	12 326	2.3
Greece	501	424	446	5.3
Ireland	1 192	1 022	1 070	4.8
Italy	4 290	4 003	3 832	-4.3
Japan	13 566	17 064	13 801	-19.1
Luxembourg	376	291	334	15.0
Netherlands	6 620	5 889	5 986	1.7
New Zealand	320	259	272	5.1
Norway	3 728	2 954	3 350	13.4
Portugal	477	402	425	5.7
Spain	5 442	4 160	4 834	16.2
Sweden	4 339	3 955	3 857	-2.5
Switzerland	1 696	1 657	1 611	-2.8
United Kingdom	11 621	13 075	10 354	-20.8
United States	22 691	24 532	22 111	-9.9
TOTAL DAC	116 346	117 061	107 766	-7.9
Memo Items:				
EC	12 225	10 678	10 963	2.7
DAC-EU countries	67 558	64 743	60 538	-6.5
G7 countries	81 472	87 216	76 505	-12.3
Non-G7 countries	34 874	29 845	31 261	4.7

⁽¹⁾ Taking account of both inflation and exchange rate movements.

 $Source: OECD, "Aid Targets Slipping out of Reach?", November 2008, \\www.oecd.org/dataoecd/47/25/41724314.pdf.$

Table C.4. **ODA recipients**

Effective for reporting on 2008, 2009 and 2010 flows

Least Developed Countries	Other Low Income Countries	Lower Middle Income Countries and Territories	Upper Middle Income Countries and Territories
	(per capita GNI < \$935 in 2007)		(per capita GNI \$3 706-\$11 455
	(per capita GIVI < \$755 iii 2007)	in 2007)	in 2007)
Afghanistan	Côte d'Ivoire	Albania	*Anguilla
Angola	Ghana	Algeria	Antigua and Barbuda ¹
Bangladesh	Kenya	Armenia	Argentina
Benin	Korea, Dem.Rep.	Azerbaijan	Barbados
Bhutan	Kyrgyz Rep.	Bolivia	Belarus
Burkina Faso	Nigeria	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Belize
Burundi	Pakistan	Cameroon	Botswana
Cambodia	Papua New Guinea	Cape Verde	Brazil
Central African Rep.	Tajikistan	China	Chile
Chad	Uzbekistan	Colombia	Cook Islands
Comoros	Viet Nam	Congo, Rep.	Costa Rica
Congo, Dem. Rep.	Zimbabwe	Cuba	Croatia
Djibouti	Zimouowe	Dominican Republic	Dominica
Equatorial Guinea		Ecuador	Fiii
Eritrea		Egypt	Gabon
Ethiopia		El Salvador	Grenada
Gambia		Georgia	Kazakhstan
Guinea		Guatemala	Lebanon
Guinea Guinea-Bissau			
Guinea-Bissau Haiti		Guyana Honduras	Libya
			Malaysia
Kiribati		India	Mauritius
Laos		Indonesia	*Mayotte
Lesotho		Iran -	Mexico
Liberia		Iraq	Montenegro
Madagascar		Jamaica	*Montserrat
Malawi		Jordan	Nauru
Maldives		Marshall Islands	Oman
Mali		Micronesia, Fed. States	Palau
Mauritania		Moldova	Panama
Mozambique		Mongolia	Serbia ³
Myanmar		Morocco	Seychelles
Nepal		Namibia	South Africa
Niger		Nicaragua	*St. Helena
Rwanda		Niue	St. Kitts-Nevis
Samoa		Palestinian Adm. Areas	St. Lucia
Sao Tome and Principe		Paraguay	St. Vincent and Grenadines
Senegal		Peru	Suriname
Sierra Leone		Philippines	Trinidad and Tobago ²
Solomon Islands		Sri Lanka	Turkey
Somalia		Swaziland	Uruguay
Sudan		Syria	Venezuela
Tanzania		Thailand	
Timor-Leste		The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	
Togo		*Tokelau	
Tuvalu		Tonga	
Uganda		Tunisia	
Vanuatu		Turkmenistan	
Yemen		Ukraine	
Zambia		*Wallis and Futuna	

^{*}Territory.

As of April 2008, the **Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPCs)** are: Afghanistan, Benin, Bolivia, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo (Dem. Rep.), Congo (Rep.), Côte d'Ivoire, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Kyrgyz Republic, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Rwanda, São Tomé and Príncipe, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda and Zambia.

⁽¹⁾ Antigua & Barbuda exceeded the high income country threshold in 2007. In accordance with the DAC rules for revision of this List, it will graduate from the List in 2011 if it remains a high income country until 2010.

⁽²⁾ Trinidad and Tobago exceeded the high income country threshold in 2006 and 2007. In accordance with the DAC rules for revision of this List, it will graduate from the List in 2011 if it remains a high income country until 2010.

⁽³⁾ At present aid to Kosovo is recorded under aid to Serbia. Kosovo will be listed separately if and when it is recognised by the UN.

ISBN 978-92-64-06021-0 Managing Aid Practices of DAC Member Countries © OECD 2009

Bibliography

- Chang, Hyun-sik (2007), Strategies on Raising Public Awareness in South Korea: How to build public and political support for development assistance, paper presented at the Workshop on Public Awareness and Support for ODA, September 2007, Seoul, the Republic of Korea.
- Clarke, P. and B. Ramalingam (2008), Organisational Change in the Humanitarian Sector in Seventh Review of Humanitarian Action, Active Learning Network for Accountability and Practice in Humanitarian Action (ALNAP), www.odi.org.uk/alnap/publications/7RHA/Ch2.pdf.
- Frerks, G. and D. Hillhorst (2002), Evaluation of humanitarian assistance in emergency situations, UNHCR Working Paper No. 56.
- Gaynor, C. and M. Jennings (2008), Cross cutting issues in joint assistance strategies/harmonisation mechanisms gender equality, environmental sustainability, human rights and HIV/AIDS, Study commissioned for Irish Aid.
- Government of Ireland (2006), White Paper on Irish Aid, Dublin, Ireland.
- International Strategy for Disaster Reduction (ISDR) (2007), Guidelines: National Platforms for Disaster Risk Reduction, United Nations, Geneva.
- OECD (1991), Principles for Evaluation of Development Assistance, OECD, Paris.
- OECD (1999), A Comparison of Management Systems for Development Co-operation in OECD/DAC Members, OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2000), Glossary of Key Terms in Evaluation and Results Based Management, OECD, Paris (available in 13 languages on www.oecd.org/evalautionnetwork/derec).
- OECD (2001), Evaluation Feedback for Effective Learning and Accountability, OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2002), Glossary of Key Terms in Evaluation and Results Based Management, OECD, Paris (available in 13 languages on www.oecd.org/evalautionnetwork/derec).
- OECD (2004), Mobilising Public Opinion Against Global Poverty, Policy Insights No. 2, OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2005a), Managing Aid: Practices of DAC Member Countries, DAC Guidelines and References Series, first edition, OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2005b), Policy Coherence for Development: Promoting Institutional Good Practice, The Development Dimension, OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2006a), Promoting Private Investment for Development Role of ODA, DAC Guidelines and References Series, OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2006b), Guidance for Managing Joint Evaluations, OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2007), Development Co-operation Report 2006, OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2008a), Effective Aid Management: Twelve Lessons from DAC Peer Reviews, OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2008b), "Synthesis Report on Policy Coherence for Development", OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2008c), Incentives for Aid Effectiveness in Donor Agencies. Good Practice and Self-Assessment Tool, Managing for Development Results, OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2008d), Monitoring Resource Flows to Fragile States: 2007 Report, OECD, Paris. www.oecd.org/dataoecd/4/21/41680220.pdf.
- OECD (2008e), "Synthesis Report on Implementing the Paris Declaration: Lessons from Peer Reviews", OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2008f), "Humanitarian Aid in DAC Peer Reviews: A Synthesis of Findings and Experiences (2006-2007)", OECD, Paris.

- OECD (2008g), 2008 Survey on Monitoring the Paris Declaration, OECD, Paris. www.oecd.org/dataoecd/58/41/41202121.pdf.
- OECD (2008h), Report of 2008 Survey of Aid Allocation Policies and Indicative Forward Spending Plans, OECD, Paris. www.oecd.org/dac/scalingup.
- OECD (2009a), "Survey on the Level of Decentralisation to the Field in DAC Members' Development Co-operation Systems", OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2009b), Development Co-operation Report 2009, OECD, Paris.
- OECD (2009c), Aid Effectiveness: A Progress Report on Implementing the Paris Declaration, Better Aid, OECD, Paris.
- OECD Development Centre (2005), "A Literature review of public perceptions of aid effectiveness in OECD and Developing Countries", OECD Development Centre, Paris.
- OECD Development Centre (2008a), Africa in 2008: Breaking Down the Growth, Policy Insights No. 64, OECD, Paris.
- OECD Development Centre (2008b), Building Public Awareness of Development: Communicators, Educators and Evaluation, Policy Brief No. 35, OECD, Paris.
- OECD Development Centre (2008c), "Broader Ownership for Development", Financing Development 2008: Whose Ownership? Development Centre Studies, OECD, Paris.
- Slob, Anneke and A.M. Jerve (2008), Managing Aid Exit and Transformation. Lessons from Botswana, Eritrea, India, Malawi and South Africa. Synthesis Report, Joint Donor Evaluation (Sida, Netherland's Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Danida, and Norad), Sida, Sweden, www.sida.se/exitevaluation.
- UN (2008), The Millennium Development Goals Report 2008, United Nations, New York.
- Wood B., D. Kabell, F. Sagasti and N. Muwanga (2008), Synthesis Report on the First Phase of the Evaluation of the Implementation of the Paris Declaration, Ministry of Foreign Affairs Denmark, Copenhagen, June 2008, www.oecd.org/dataoecd/19/10/40889044.pdf.
- World Bank (2008), Rising food prices: policy options and World Bank response, Background note for the Development Committee.

Table of Contents

Acronyms	9
Executive Summary	11
Legal and political issues	15 16 19
	23
Promoting coherent development policies	24 24 28
Organisational structures Development co-operation systems in DAC member countries. Leadership. Evolution of aid management structures.	30 30 34 34 36
Notes	38
Approaches to human resource management	39 40 40 45
Official development assistance (ODA). Allocating increases in development aid Contribution of non-DAC donors. Other sources of funding Selecting partner countries Allocation by sector or theme Humanitarian aid. Regional programmes	47 48 49 51 52 53 56 56 56 57
	59
	60 62

Managing aid in partner countries	
Civil society organisations	
Notes	
Chapter 7. Managing Multilateral ODA	
Multilateral assistance	
Global funds	
Notes	
Chapter 8. Implementing the Aid Effectiveness Agenda	75 76
Progress in making aid more effective	
Practicing the five principles	
Notes	
Chapter 9. Managing Cross-sectoral Issues.	
Bridging the gap between policy and implementation	
Notes	89
Chapter 10. Monitoring and Evaluation	91
Monitoring	92
Evaluation	93
Audit	97
Advisory bodies	97
Notes	97
Chapter 11. Humanitarian Action	99
Disaster risk reduction	
Improving the performance of the humanitarian sector	101
Managing humanitarian aid	102
The future of donor-led humanitarian action	104
Notes	104
Bibliography	107
Annex A. DAC Member Country Profiles on Foreign Assistance	
Annex B. OECD DAC Statistics: A Brief Introduction.	
Annex C. Official Development Assistance 2007.	
Annex D. Principles and Good Practice of Humanitarian Donorship	
Annex E. Millennium Development Goals and Targets	
Boxes 0.1. Twelve Lessons from DAC Peer Reviews	14
1.1. Winning public support for development assistance	17
in non-DAC member countries	20
2.1. Lessons from DAC peer reviews on policy coherence for development	25
3.1. Development co-operation models in DAC member countries	32
4.1. Innovative learning programmes: Example from the Netherlands	43
5.1. Official development assistance, bilateral and multilateral assistance	48

5.2.	Administrative costs in ODA	49
5.3.	The challenges of scaling up in Spain	50
5.4.	Triangular development co-operation	52
5.5.	The United States' Millennium Challenge Corporation	54
5.6.	Whole-of-government approaches in fragile states and situations	56
6.1.	Attitudes to co-ordination in Andalucia	61
7.1.	The Multilateral Organisation Performance Assessment Network	71
7.2.	Global funds and the Paris Declaration: Progress and challenges	72
8.1.	The Accra Agenda for Action: Challenges for aid managers	76
8.2.	The Joint Assistance Strategy for Tanzania	78
8.3.	Mozambique's Programme Aid Partnership	79
8.4.	Division of labour in Zambia	80
9.1.	Using joint assistance strategies to integrate cross-sectoral issues	89
10.1.	DAC Principles for Evaluation of Development Assistance	94
10.2.	Benefits of joint evaluations	96
Table	s	
4.1.	Distribution of DAC members' development staff between headquarters	
	and field offices	40
C.1.	DAC Members' Net Official Development Assistance in 2007	183
C.2.	Share of Debt Relief Grants in DAC Members' Net Official Development	
	Assistance	185
C.3.	DAC Members' Gross official development assistance in 2007	186
C.4.	ODA recipients	187
Figure	es	
3.1.	Examples of organisational structures for managing aid	31
4.1.	Percentage of staff located in headquarters and the field	
	(expatriates and local staff)	41
5.1.	DAC members' net ODA 1990-2007 and DAC Secretariat simulations to 2010	50
C.1.	DAC Members' Net Official Development Assistance in 2007	184

Acronyms

AECI* Spanish Agency for International Co-operation

ALNAP Active Learning Network for Accountability and Practice in Humanitarian

Action

AMC Advanced Market Commitment
APEC Asia Pacific Economic Co-operation

AusAID Australian Agency for International Development

BMZ* Ministry for Economic Co-operation and Development (Germany)

CERF Central Emergency Response Fund

CICID* Inter Ministerial Committee for International Co-operation and Development

(France)

CIDA Canadian International Development Agency

DAC Development Assistance Committee
DEReC DAC Evaluation Resource Centre

DFID Department for International Development (United Kingdom)

DRR Disaster risk reduction
EC European Commission

ECHO European Commission Humanitarian Office

EDF European Development Fund
GHD Good Humanitarian Donorship

GTZ* (German) Agency for Technical Co-operation

JICA Japan International Co-operation Agency

MAPS Multi-annual programme schemes (Ireland)

MCA Millennium Challenge Account (United States)

MCC Millennium Challenge Corporation (United States)

MDG Millennium Development Goal
NGOs Non-government organisations

NZAID New Zealand Agency for International Development

ODA Official development assistance

ODE Office of Development Effectiveness (Australia)
OECC Overseas Economic Co-operation Council

PCU Policy Coherence Unit

PRISM Performance Reporting Information System for Management

RBM Results-based management

SADEV Swedish Agency for Development Evaluation

^{*} Denotes acronym in original language.



From:

Managing Aid Practices of DAC Member Countries

Access the complete publication at:

https://doi.org/10.1787/9789264062689-en

Please cite this chapter as:

OECD (2009), "Annex C: Official Development Assistance 2007", in *Managing Aid: Practices of DAC Member Countries*, OECD Publishing, Paris.

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1787/9789264062689-15-en

This work is published under the responsibility of the Secretary-General of the OECD. The opinions expressed and arguments employed herein do not necessarily reflect the official views of OECD member countries.

This document and any map included herein are without prejudice to the status of or sovereignty over any territory, to the delimitation of international frontiers and boundaries and to the name of any territory, city or area.

You can copy, download or print OECD content for your own use, and you can include excerpts from OECD publications, databases and multimedia products in your own documents, presentations, blogs, websites and teaching materials, provided that suitable acknowledgment of OECD as source and copyright owner is given. All requests for public or commercial use and translation rights should be submitted to rights@oecd.org. Requests for permission to photocopy portions of this material for public or commercial use shall be addressed directly to the Copyright Clearance Center (CCC) at info@copyright.com or the Centre français d'exploitation du droit de copie (CFC) at contact@cfcopies.com.

