BASIC STATISTICS OF BRAZIL (2013 or latest available year)

(Number in parentheses refer to the OECD averages)*

	Р	EOPLE AN	ND SOCIETY		
Population (million)	198.0		Population growth (%, latest 5-year yearly average growth)	0.9	(0.6
Share of population by type of region: (Brazil 2010)			Population density per km ²	23.3	(34.8
Predominantly urban (%)	26.0	(48.0)	Income inequality (Gini coefficient, 2012)	52.7	(31.4
Intermediate (%)	24.0	(26.2)	Poverty rate (% of population with less than USD 2 a day, PPP)	6.8	
Predominantly rural (%)	50.0	(25.1)	Life expectancy	75.0	(80.4
	ECONOM	Y AND EX	TERNAL ACCOUNTS		
Total GDP (BRL billion)	4 845		Imports of goods and services (% of GDP)	15.3	(28.9)
Total GDP (USD billion)	2 247		Main exports (% of total merchandise exports)		
GDP, latest 5-year average real growth (%)	2.8	(0.8)	Vegetables, animals, food products	35.1	
GDP per capita (1 000 USD PPP)	15.2	(37.9)	Fuels, minerals	22.2	
Value added shares (%, 2012 Brazil and 2011 OECD)			Machinery, transport	18.3	
Primary sector	5.7	(1.4)	Main imports (% of total merchandise imports)		
Industry including construction	25.0	(23.8)	Machinery, transport	33.8	
Services	69.3	(74.7)	Fuels, minerals	20.0	
Exports of goods and services (% of GDP)	13.1	(28.6)	Chemicals	15.9	
	GE		OVERNMENT ge of GDP		
Expenditure	38.6	(41.9)	Fiscal balance	-3.1	(-4.2)
Revenue	35.6	(37.7)	Environmental taxes: (% of GDP)	0.7	(1.6)
Gross financial debt	62.2	(109.3)	(% of total tax revenue)	1.9	(5.1)
U	ABOUR MA	RKET, SK	ILLS AND INNOVATION		
Unemployment rate, (% civilian labour force)	5.4	(7.9)	Patent applications in environment-related technologies (% of all technologies, average 2009-11) ^a	9.2	(11.3)
Tertiary educational attainment of 25- 64 years-olds (%, 2012)	13.0	(32.2)	Gross domestic expenditure on R&D (% of GDP)	1.2	(2.4
		ENVIRO	DNMENT		
Energy intensity (Brazil 2012): TPES per capita (toe/cap.)	1.4	(4.2)	Water stress (Brazil 2012) (abstraction as % of available resources)	1.0	(9.5)
TPES per GDP (toe/1 000 USD, 2005 PPP)	0.11	(0.13)	Water abstraction per capita (Brazil 2012) (m ³ /cap./year)	420	(830)
Renewables (Brazil 2012) (% of TPES)	40.7	(8.8)	Municipal waste per capita (Brazil 2012) (kg/cap.)	290	(520)
Carbon intensity (energy-related CO ₂ , 2012): per capita (t/cap.)	2.2	(9.7)	Material productivity (2011) (USD, 2005 PPP/kg)	0.4	(1.8)
per GDP (t/1 000 USD, 2005 PPP)	0.2	(0.3)	Terrestrial and inland water protected areas (% of total area) ^b	17.2	
GHG intensity (2012): ^c per capita (t/1 000 USD, 2005 PPP)	5.3	(12.5)	Land area (1 000 km ² , 2012)	8 358	
per GDP (t/1 000 USD, 2005 PPP)	0.40	(0.40)	% of arable and cropland	10	(12
Exposure to air pollution (PM _{2.5}) (2012, µg/m ³)	5.7		% of meadows and pastures	23	(23)
Road vehicle stock (veh./100 inhab.)	35	(57)	% of forest land	62	(30

* Where the OECD aggregate is not provided in the source database, a simple OECD average of latest available data is calculated where data exist for at least 29 member countries.

a) Higher-value inventions that have sought patent protection in at least two jurisdictions.

b) Official protected areas according to Brazil's National System of Protected Areas (SNUC).c) Excluding emissions/removals from land use, land-use change and forestry.

Source: Calculations based on data extracted from databases of the following organisations: OECD, IEA, IMF, UN, World Bank.



From: OECD Environmental Performance Reviews: Brazil 2015

Access the complete publication at: https://doi.org/10.1787/9789264240094-en

Please cite this chapter as:

OECD (2015), "Basic Statistics of Brazil (2013 or latest available year): (Number in parentheses refer to the OECD averages)", in *OECD Environmental Performance Reviews: Brazil 2015*, OECD Publishing, Paris.

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1787/9789264240094-5-en

This work is published under the responsibility of the Secretary-General of the OECD. The opinions expressed and arguments employed herein do not necessarily reflect the official views of OECD member countries.

This document and any map included herein are without prejudice to the status of or sovereignty over any territory, to the delimitation of international frontiers and boundaries and to the name of any territory, city or area.

You can copy, download or print OECD content for your own use, and you can include excerpts from OECD publications, databases and multimedia products in your own documents, presentations, blogs, websites and teaching materials, provided that suitable acknowledgment of OECD as source and copyright owner is given. All requests for public or commercial use and translation rights should be submitted to rights@oecd.org. Requests for permission to photocopy portions of this material for public or commercial use shall be addressed directly to the Copyright Clearance Center (CCC) at info@copyright.com or the Centre français d'exploitation du droit de copie (CFC) at contact@cfcopies.com.

