

Data Sources

OECD data sources

- OECD, Air Emissions Accounts, <https://stats.oecd.org/Index.aspx?DataSetCode=AEA>
- OECD, ANBERD Database, <http://oe.cd/anberd>
- OECD, Annual National Accounts Database, <http://www.oecd.org/std/na>
- OECD, Balance of Payments Statistics, <https://www.oecd.org/sdd/its/quarterly-balance-of-payments-statistics.htm>
- OECD, Broadband Portal, <http://oe.cd/broadband>
- OECD, Consumer Price Indices Database, https://stats.oecd.org/Index.aspx?DataSetCode=PRICES_CPI
- OECD, Collective Bargaining Coverage Database, <http://www.oecd.org/employment/collective-bargaining.htm>
- OECD, DynEmp v.2 and v.3 Databases, preliminary data, <http://oe.cd/dynemp>
- OECD, Education Database, www.oecd.org/education/database.htm
- OECD, Entrepreneurship Financing Database, https://stats.oecd.org/Index.aspx?DataSetCode=VC_INVEST
- OECD, Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) Regulatory Restrictiveness Index Database, <http://www.oecd.org/investment/fdiindex.htm>
- OECD, ICT Access and Usage by Businesses Database, <http://oe.cd/bus>
- OECD, ICT Access and Usage by Households and Individuals Database, <http://oe.cd/hhind>
- OECD, Inter-Country Input-Output (ICIO) Database, <http://oe.cd/icio>
- OECD, International Survey of Scientific Authors, <http://oe.cd/issa>
- OECD, International Trade in Services Statistics, <http://www.oecd.org/sdd/its/international-trade-in-services-statistics.htm>
- OECD, Labour Market Programmes Database, <https://stats.oecd.org/index.aspx?DataSetCode=LMPEXP>
- OECD, PISA 2015 Database, www.oecd.org/pisa/data/2015database
- OECD, Productivity Database, www.oecd.org/std/productivity-stats
- OECD, Programme for International Assessment (PIAAC) Database, www.oecd.org/skills/piaac/publicdataandanalysis
- OECD, STI Micro-data Lab: Intellectual Property Database, <http://oe.cd/ipstats>
- OECD, Structural Analysis (STAN) Database, <http://oe.cd/stan>
- OECD, Trade Facilitation Indicators Database, <http://www.oecd.org/trade/facilitation/indicators.htm>
- OECD, Trade in Employment (TiM), <http://oe.cd/io-emp>
- OECD, Trade in Value Added (TiVA) Database, <http://oe.cd/tiva>
- OECD, Scopus Custom Data, Elsevier, Version 1.2018, <http://oe.cd/scientometrics>
- OECD, Services Trade Restrictiveness Index, <https://oe.cd/stri-db>

Other data sources

Akamai, Internet IPv6 Traffic Volume, <https://www.akamai.com/uk/en/resources/visualizing-akamai/ipv6-traffic-volume.jsp>

APNIC, Asia-Pacific Network Information Center, <https://www.apnic.net>

BBVA, Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, <https://www.bbva.com>

Burning Glass Technologies, www.burning-glass.com

CENTR, Council of European National Top-level Domains Registries, <https://centr.org>

EUKLEMS, www.euklems.net

Eurostat, Digital Economy and Society Statistics, Comprehensive Database, <http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/digital-economy-and-society/data/comprehensive-database>

Eurostat, Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) Statistics, <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/hicp>

Eurostat, European Labour Force Surveys (EULFS), <http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/lfs/data/database>

Eurostat, National Accounts Database, <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/national-accounts/data/database>

Eurostat, Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Statistics, <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/waste/key-waste-streams/weee>

European Social Survey, <https://www.europeansocialsurvey.org>

European Working Conditions Survey (EWCS), <https://www.eurofound.europa.eu/surveys>

Glass.ai, <https://www.glass.ai>

ILO, Labour Force Estimates and Projections (LFEP) Database, <https://www.ilo.org/ilostat>

Intan-Invest data, www.intan-invest.net

Internet live stats, <http://www.internetlivestats.com>

International Federation of Robotics, <https://ifr.org>

ITU, World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database, www.itu.int/en/ITU-D/Statistics/Pages/stat/default.aspx

JRC-OECD, COR&DIP[®] Database v.1., <http://oe.cd/ipstats>

M-Lab, Worldwide broadband speed league 2018, <https://www.cable.co.uk/broadband/speed/worldwide-speed-league>

Netcraft, Internet Security and Data Mining, www.netcraft.com

Ookla, <https://www.speedtest.net>

Open Knowledge International, <https://index.okfn.org>

Scimago Journal Rank, <https://www.scimagojr.com/journalrank.php>

TeleGeography, <https://www.telegeography.com>

UNCTAD, Trade Analysis Information System (TRAINS), <https://unctad.org/en/pages/ditc/trade-analysis/non-tariff-measures/ntms-trains.aspx>

United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, CPI-All Urban Consumers, <https://www.bls.gov/news.release/cpi.t01.htm>

WTO, Commercial Services Exports Statistics, <http://stat.wto.org/Home/WSDBHome.aspx>

WTO, Trade in Commercial Services, <http://stat.wto.org/Home/WSDBHome.aspx>

STI Micro-data Lab

The STI Micro-data Lab, a data infrastructure project of the OECD Directorate for Science, Technology and Innovation (STI), gathers and links large-scale administrative and commercial micro-level datasets. These micro-data, which complement and enhance official statistics like macro-aggregated or survey-based data, have the advantage of being granular in nature and comprehensive in time and geographical coverage.

These include administrative data on intellectual property (IP) assets, including patents, trademarks and registered designs that are collected in the framework of the OECD-led IP Statistics Task Force composed of representatives from IP offices worldwide. Bibliometric records on scientific publications and company level information, originating from private providers, as well as data on open source software, complement the micro-data.

The different micro datasets of the STI Microdata Lab can be used in an independent fashion, e.g. to develop indicators related to specific analytical questions, or combined in such a way as to generate new information related to a broader array of issues or to more complex dynamics. By providing detailed information about the behaviour of economic agents and the way science and technology develop, these data help address policy-relevant questions, such as those related to the generation and diffusion of new technologies, the different ways in which firms innovate, science-industry links, researchers' mobility patterns or the role of knowledge-based assets in firms' economic performance.

The STI Micro-data Lab is open to visiting researchers. Access is granted free of charge upon the submission of a formal request, and subject to the respect of confidentiality rules and to the project being of mutual interest to the OECD and the visiting fellow(s).



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