Foreword

This publication presents the OECD country review of small and medium-sized enterprise (SME) and entrepreneurship policy in Indonesia. The report is part of the series of OECD Studies on SMEs and Entrepreneurship undertaken by the OECD Centre for Entrepreneurship, SMEs, Regions and Cities. In addition to Indonesia, country reviews have covered Canada, Israel, Italy, Kazakhstan, Mexico, Poland, the Russian Federation and Thailand.

The series provides a tool for assessing and improving the design and implementation of SME and entrepreneurship policy and for sharing policy experiences among OECD member and partner countries. The reviews are based on a standard methodology, which includes a diagnostic questionnaire completed by national government authorities, a fact-finding mission by an OECD team to hold detailed interviews with policy and business stakeholders and discussion of a draft report at a peer review session in the OECD Working Party on SMEs and Entrepreneurship (WPSMEE). The final report of the Indonesia review of SME and entrepreneurship policy (CFE/SME(2018)4/REV1) was approved by the WPSMEE through written procedure on 31 August 2018.

The report highlights that the Indonesian government recognises SMEs as key drivers of economic growth and social inclusion. Indonesia has a Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise (MSME) Law (Law 20/2008) and a dedicated Ministry for the development of co-operatives and SMEs. SMEs also feature prominently in the National Medium-Term Development Plan, 2015-2019, which sets out the development priorities of the executive in office. As a result, many ministries operate programmes supporting SMEs, which is good for the overall development of SMEs but also poses a co-ordination challenge to ensure that programmes are coherent, complementary and have sufficient scale. The report recommends that the government prepare an SME Strategy document with the aim of strengthening the overall coherence of national SME policies.

The government of Indonesia has also undertaken important reforms in specific policy areas, such as improving the ease of doing business and enhancing access to finance for SMEs. This report suggests that these policy measures are helpful for SMEs, but it also recommends placing stronger attention in the future on measures that foster firm-level productivity through increased innovation activity in SMEs, and increased participation of SMEs in global markets and global value chains.

This report is funded by the Government of Canada as part of the Canada-OECD Project for ASEAN SMEs (COPAS), which aims to support SME development in the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) Member States.

Acknowledgements

This review was undertaken by the OECD Centre for Entrepreneurship, SMEs, Regions and Cities (CFE) led by Lamia Kamal-Chaoui, Director, in co-operation with the Ministry of Co-operatives and SMEs of the Government of Indonesia.

The project was led by Marco Marchese, Policy Analyst, under the supervision of Miriam Koreen, Deputy Director of CFE and Head of the SME and Entrepreneurship Division. The report was drafted by Marco Marchese, Marco Bianchini (Policy Analyst), Sandra Hannig (Policy Analyst) and Jonathan Potter (Head of Unit), with written contributions from Lois Stevenson (independent consultant), Anders Johansson (Stockholm School of Economics) and Andy Pike (Newcastle University). Important local support and inputs were provided by Eugenia Mardanugraha (Universitas Indonesia).

Within the Indonesian Ministry of Co-operatives and SMEs, project organisation and report development contributions were made by I-Wayan Dipta, Deputy Minister for Production and Marketing; Meliadi Sembiring, Secretary of the Minister of Co-operatives and SMEs; Rosdiana V. Sipayung, Secretary of the Deputy-Minister for Production and Marketing; Destry Anna Sari, Head of the Planning Division; and Hilman M. Firdaus, supporting staff.

A Steering Group was formed for this review composed of delegates of the OECD Working Party on SMEs and Entrepreneurship (WPSMEE), involving Mattia Corbetta (Ministry of Economic Development, Italy) who also provided written inputs, Veronika Michalkova (Ministry of Economy, Slovak Republic), Eoghan Richardson (Department of Business, Enterprise and Innovation, Ireland), and Karl Woodhead (Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment, New Zealand).

The report benefitted from comments from Christine Lewis (Senior Economist) and Patrice Ollivaud (Economist) from the Indonesia Country Desk of the OECD Economics Department and from Max Bulakovskiy (Policy Analyst) and Annie Norfolk Beadle (Policy Analyst) from the Southeast Asia Division of the OECD Global Relations Secretariat.

Many individuals and organisations in Indonesia provided important information for the review, including the Ministry of Co-operatives and SMEs, the Ministry of National Development Planning/National Development Planning Agency (BAPPENAS), the Co-ordinating Ministry for Economic Affairs, the Ministry of Industry, the Ministry of Trade, the Ministry of Research, Technology and Higher Education, the Ministry of Manpower, the Ministry of Communication and Informatics, the Ministry of Youth and Sports, the Ministry of Social Affairs, the Ministry of Home Affairs, the Ministry of Education, the Ministry of Women's Empowerment and Child Protection, the Central Bureau of Statistics (BPS), the Indonesia Investment Co-ordinating Board (BKPM), the Agency for the Creative Economy (BEKRAF), the Public Procurement Agency (LKPP), the Antitrust Authority (KPPU), the Agency for the Assessment and Application of Technology

(BPPT), Bank Indonesia, the Financial Services Authority (OJK), Credit Guarantee Indonesia (JAMKRINDO), the Indonesia Stock Exchange (IDX), Indonesia Eximbank, the Indonesia Chamber of Commerce and Industry (KADIN), the Indonesian Cooperative Council (DEKOPIN), the Indonesia Business Women Association (IWAPI), the Association of Business Development Services of Indonesia (ABDSI), the Association of Business Incubators (AiBI), and Presisi Research and Consultancy.



From: SME and Entrepreneurship Policy in Indonesia 2018

Access the complete publication at: https://doi.org/10.1787/9789264306264-en

Please cite this chapter as:

OECD (2018), "Foreword", in *SME and Entrepreneurship Policy in Indonesia 2018*, OECD Publishing, Paris. DOI: <u>https://doi.org/10.1787/9789264306264-1-en</u>

This document, as well as any data and map included herein, are without prejudice to the status of or sovereignty over any territory, to the delimitation of international frontiers and boundaries and to the name of any territory, city or area. Extracts from publications may be subject to additional disclaimers, which are set out in the complete version of the publication, available at the link provided.

The use of this work, whether digital or print, is governed by the Terms and Conditions to be found at <u>http://www.oecd.org/termsandconditions</u>.

