Foreword

OECD members have long recognised the potential benefits of more sustainable and responsible purchasing practices. To advance this agenda, in 2019 the OECD launched a programme to further integrate Responsible Business Conduct (RBC) considerations and risk-based supply chain due diligence into public procurement policies and processes. The OECD Working Party of Leading Practitioners on Public Procurement and the OECD Working Party on Responsible Business Conduct jointly manage this programme.

This report contributes to the research and analysis component of this multi-phased programme. In addition to analysis and research, this programme provides a platform for policy makers and practitioners to share lessons learned and agree on ways to increase the uptake of RBC objectives in public procurement.

The report analyses how countries incorporate RBC objectives into public procurement policies and practices. A survey to procurement policy makers and central purchasing bodies of countries adhering to the *OECD Recommendation of the Council on Public Procurement* and to the *OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises* formed the basis of this analysis. The analysis also takes into account views from National Contact Points for Responsible Business Conduct (NCPs), business, industry associations, civil society and trade unions. The Working Parties on Responsible Business Conduct and of Leading Practitioners on Public Procurement discussed the recommendations of the report in a joint working party meeting on 28 October 2020.

This publication is a result of joint efforts between the OECD Infrastructure and Public Procurement Division (IPP) within the Public Governance Directorate and the OECD Centre for Responsible Business Conduct (RBC) within the Directorate for Financial and Enterprise Affairs, under the direction and oversight of Elsa Pilichowski and Greg Medcraft. It has been prepared jointly by Erika Bozzay, Tessa Cullen, Lena Diesing, Pauline Göthberg, Shivani Kannabhiran, and Gabriela Villa Aguayo, under the supervision of Edwin Lau, Paulo Magina, Mathilde Mesnard and Cristina Tebar Less.

Acknowledgements

This publication is a result of joint efforts between the OECD Infrastructure and Public Procurement Division (IPP) within the Public Governance Directorate and the OECD Centre for Responsible Business Conduct (RBC) within the Directorate for Financial and Enterprise Affairs, under the direction and oversight of Elsa Pilichowski and Greg Medcraft.

It has been prepared jointly by Erika Bozzay, Tessa Cullen, Lena Diesing, Pauline Göthberg, Shivani Kannabhiran, and Gabriela Villa Aguayo, under the supervision of Edwin Lau, Paulo Magina, Mathilde Mesnard and Cristina Tebar Less.

Many OECD colleagues supported the preparation of the report in its planning, survey and review stages, including Froukje Boele, Matthieu Cahen, Kenza Khachani, Marian Lemke and Tatyana Teplova.

Pamela Duffin, Roxana Glavanov, Juliet Lawal, Elisabetta Pilati, Lauren Thwaites and Andrea Uhrhammer provided editorial and communications support.

Pauline Alexandrov, Aleksandra Bogusz and Lauren Thwaites provided administrative assistance.

The report would not have been possible without the openness of policy makers and Central Purchasing Bodies that responded to the OECD survey. Additionally, numerous experts from business, trade unions, civil society organisations, experts, academia and others shared their perspectives and inputs to the report.

All contributors are named in alphabetical order.



From:

Integrating Responsible Business Conduct in Public Procurement

Access the complete publication at:

https://doi.org/10.1787/02682b01-en

Please cite this chapter as:

OECD (2021), "Foreword", in *Integrating Responsible Business Conduct in Public Procurement*, OECD Publishing, Paris.

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1787/ec295045-en

This work is published under the responsibility of the Secretary-General of the OECD. The opinions expressed and arguments employed herein do not necessarily reflect the official views of OECD member countries.

This document, as well as any data and map included herein, are without prejudice to the status of or sovereignty over any territory, to the delimitation of international frontiers and boundaries and to the name of any territory, city or area. Extracts from publications may be subject to additional disclaimers, which are set out in the complete version of the publication, available at the link provided.

The use of this work, whether digital or print, is governed by the Terms and Conditions to be found at http://www.oecd.org/termsandconditions.

