

## ANNEX A

**Table A.13. Main policy assumptions for oilseed markets**

Marketing year

		Average 2014-16est	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
<b>ARGENTINA</b>												
Export tax												
Soybean	%	32.3	27.0	21.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
Other oilseeds	%	22.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Soybean meal	%	29.7	24.0	18.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
Soybean oil	%	29.7	24.0	18.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
<b>AUSTRALIA</b>												
Tariffs												
Soybean oil	%	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Rapeseed oil	%	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
<b>CANADA</b>												
Tariffs												
Rapeseed oil	%	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4
<b>EUROPEAN UNION<sup>1</sup></b>												
Voluntary coupled support												
Oilseeds	mln EUR	127	20	21	22	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Tariffs												
Soybean oil	%	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Rapeseed oil	%	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
<b>JAPAN</b>												
New output payments												
Soybean	JPY/kg	196.2	197.2	197.2	197.2	197.2	197.2	197.2	197.2	197.2	197.2	197.2
Tariffs												
Soybean oil	JPY/kg	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9
Rapeseed oil	JPY/kg	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9
<b>KOREA</b>												
Soybean tariff-quota	kt	1 032	1 032	1 032	1 032	1 032	1 032	1 032	1 032	1 032	1 032	1 032
In-quota tariff	%	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Out-of-quota tariff	%	487	487	487	487	487	487	487	487	487	487	487
Soybean (for food) mark up	'000 KRW/t	131	131	131	131	131	131	131	131	131	131	131
<b>MEXICO</b>												
Tariffs												
Soybean	%	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Soybean meal	%	23.8	23.8	23.8	23.8	23.8	23.8	23.8	23.8	23.8	23.8	23.8
Soybean oil	%	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
<b>UNITED STATES</b>												
ARC participation rate												
Soybean	%	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
Soybean loan rate	USD/t	183.7	183.7	183.7	183.7	183.7	183.7	183.7	183.7	183.7	183.7	183.7
Tariffs												
Rapeseed	%	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Soybean meal	%	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
Rapeseed meal	%	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Soybean oil	%	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7
Rapeseed oil	%	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
<b>CHINA</b>												
Tariffs												
Soybean	%	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Soybean meal	%	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3
Soybean oil in-quota tariff	%	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Vegetable oil tariff-quota	kt	7 998.1	7 998.1	7 998.1	7 998.1	7 998.1	7 998.1	7 998.1	7 998.1	7 998.1	7 998.1	7 998.1
<b>INDIA</b>												
Soybean tariff	%	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0
Rapeseed tariff	%	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Soybean meal tariff	%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Soybean oil tariff	%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Note: Marketing year: See Glossary of Terms for definitions.

Average 2014-16est: Data for 2016 are estimated.

The sources for tariffs and Tariff Rate Quotas are the national questionnaire reply, UNCTAD and WTO.

1. Till 2014, EU farmers can be granted the Single payment scheme (SPS) or the Single area payment scheme (SAPS), which provides flat-rate payments independent from current production decisions and market developments. From 2015, it becomes the Basic payment scheme (BPS) and it accounts for 68% maximum of the national direct payment envelopes. On top of this, from 2015 onwards, new compulsory policy instruments are introduced: the Green Payment (30%) and young farmer scheme (2%).

Source: OECD/FAO (2017), "OECD-FAO Agricultural Outlook", OECD Agriculture statistics (database). doi: dx.doi.org/10.1787/agr-outl-data-en