POSITIONS ON ARTICLE 8 (SHIPPING, INLAND WATERWAYS TRANSPORT AND AIR TRANSPORT) AND ITS COMMENTARY

Positions on the Article

1. Armenia, Latvia and Lithuania reserve the right in exceptional cases to apply the permanent establishment rule in relation to profits derived from the operation of ships in international traffic.

Paragraph 1

2. The *Philippines* reserves the right to provide for taxation of the profits from shipping and air transport in accordance with domestic law.

2.1 *Indonesia* reserves the right to allow the State of source to tax profits from the operation of ships in international traffic provided that the shipping activities arising from such operation in that State are more than casual and subject to certain limits.

3. Albania, Argentina and Bulgaria reserve the right to tax profits from the carriage of passengers or cargo taken on board at one place in a respective country for discharge at another place in the same country.

4. South Africa reserves the right to include in paragraph 1 profits from the leasing of containers.

4.1 Azerbaijan reserves the right to include a provision which provides for taxation of the profits from the leasing of containers in the same way as the profits from international transportation when such profits are supplementary or incidental to international transportation.

5. Thailand reserves the right to provide for taxation of the profits from shipping in accordance with domestic law.

5.1 *India* reserves the right to apply Article 12 and not Article 8 to profits from leasing ships or aircraft on a bare charter basis.

6. Latvia, South Africa and Ukraine reserve the right to include a provision that will ensure that profits from the leasing of ships or aircraft on a bare boat basis and, in the case of Latvia and Ukraine, from the leasing of containers, will be treated in the same way as income covered by paragraph 1 when such profits are incidental to international transportation.

6.1 *Bulgaria*, *Croatia*, *Russia* and *South Africa* reserve the right to extend the scope of the Article to cover international road and railway transportation in bilateral conventions.

6.2 Morocco reserves the right to provide for taxation of profits derived by an enterprise engaged in international transport from the lease of containers which is

supplementary or incidental to its international operation of ships or aircraft fall within the scope of this Article.

6.3 *Serbia* reserves the right, in the course of negotiations, to propose that the leasing of containers, even if directly connected or ancillary, be regarded as an activity separate from international shipping or aircraft operations, and consequently be excluded from the scope of the Article.

6.4 *Serbia* reserves the right to extend the scope of the Article to cover international road transportation in bilateral conventions.

6.5 Vietnam reserves the right to provide that the taxing right with respect to income derived from international transportation shall be shared 50/50.

6.6 The United Arab Emirates reserves the right to include in its bilateral conventions a provision to confirm that income from selling tickets on behalf of other enterprises, income derived from selling technical services to third parties, income from bank deposits and other investments, such as bonds, shares and other debentures, are covered by Article 8 provided that this income is incidental to the operation of air transport enterprises operating in international traffic.

Paragraph 2

7. Albania, Argentina, Azerbaijan, Brazil, Colombia, Gabon, Georgia, India, Latvia, Malaysia, Morocco, the People's Republic of China, South Africa and Hong Kong, China reserve the right not to extend the scope of the Article to cover inland waterways transportation in bilateral conventions and are free to make corresponding modifications to paragraph 3 of Articles 13, 15 and 22.

Positions on the Commentary

8. Vietnam disagrees with the interpretation presented in paragraph 5 of the Commentary.

9. Vietnam disagrees with the interpretation presented in paragraph 10 of the Commentary in relation to the incidental leasing of containers.

10. Brazil, India and Malaysia reserve their position on the application of this Article to income from ancillary activities (see paragraphs 4 to 10.1).

11. Singapore reserves its position on the application of this Article to income from ancillary activities. It takes the view that Article 8 does not cover any ancillary activities that are not expressly mentioned in Singapore's tax conventions.

12. India does not agree with the view that income derived by an enterprise from trading of emission permits and credits in the example given in paragraph 14.1 would be covered by Article 8.



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