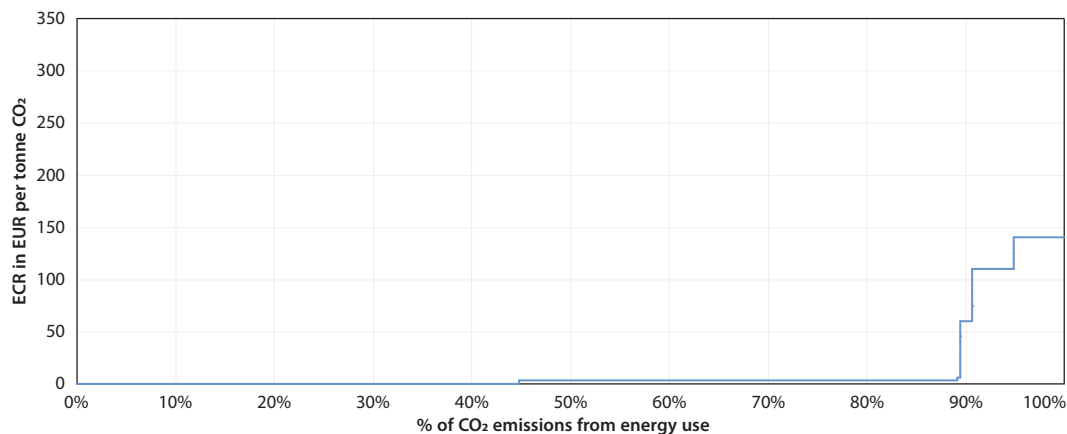


South Africa

Figure 6.71. Proportion of CO₂ emissions from energy use subject to different levels of effective carbon rates in South Africa in 2012




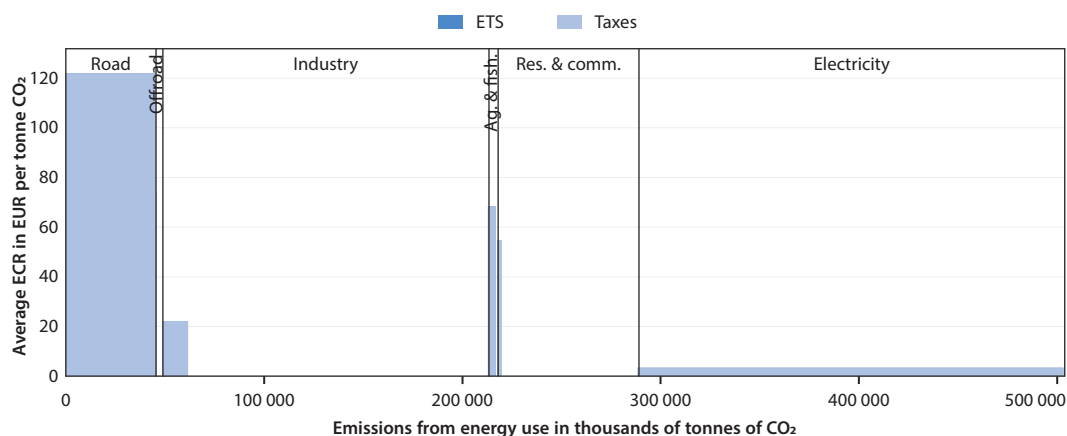
StatLink  <http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/888933390563>

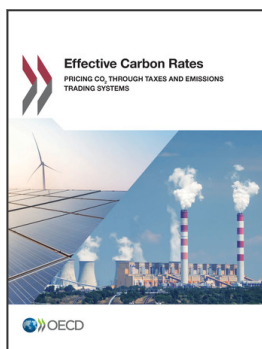
Figure 6.72. Average effective carbon rates in South Africa by sector and component in 2012



StatLink  <http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/888933390986>

Note: See Box 3.1 in Chapter 3 for notes on the interpretation of effective carbon rates. Please see Annex A and Annex B for detail on methodology and underlying sources.

In 2012, effective carbon rates in South Africa consisted entirely of specific taxes on energy use. South Africa did not have an explicit carbon tax or an emissions trading system. South Africa priced 55% of carbon emissions from energy use, and 11% were priced above EUR 30 per tonne of CO₂ (Figure 6.71). The great majority of these emissions were from the road sector. Unpriced emissions were mainly from industry and from the residential and commercial sector (Figure 6.72).



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